

PRAGATI MAHAVIDYALAYA

Sawkheda, Tq. Sillod, Dist. Aurangabad.

afflicated to: S.W.D.T. Women's University, Mumbai

College Code: 442 Exam. Center Code: 291

Website: www.pragatisawkheda.co.in

Rmall: pragatiiqac2016@gmail.com, pragatimahavidyalaya442@gmail.com

Contact: 9822021784, 8888611717

Mrs. Kaveri Palkar President aldyala:

Mrs. Archana Mukhekar Secretary

Dr. Varsha Phalke Principal

Teacher Performance Appraisal Form:

(Tick the Grading level where numbers are given- 1 is the lowest and 5 is the higest)

Personal Details:

Name: Mr. Chandranargyan Kawaduji Waghmare.

Designation:

Seal

Code Code

Asst. Professor

Department: Chemistry.

Academic Qualifications: M-Sc-Chemistry

Years of Experience:

Evaluation Period: -2022 -2 }

1. Teaching Effectiveness:

Ability to communicate subject matter clearly and effectively:

Engagement with students in the learning process:

Use of innovative teaching methodologies and resources:



PRAGATI MAHAVIDYALAYA

Sawkheda, Tq. Sillod, Dist. Aurangabad.

affiliated to: S.N.D.T. Women's University, Mumbai

College Code: 442 Exam. Center Code: 291

Website: www.pragatisawkheda.co.in

Mrs. Kaveri Palkar	II: pragatiiqac2016@gmail.com, pragatin tact: 9822021784, 8888611717 Mrs. Archana Mukhekar	Dr. Varsha Phalke Principal
President Assessment and feedback practice 2 3	ces 5	Date-13/04/2023
Integration of technology in teach	ching and learning: 5	
2. Research and Scholarly Active Publications in UGC journals:		
Publications in Chapter in book Boildges a In 3. Professional Development:	journals: dian Womenin Ecology	and Congervation'
Participation in workshops, sem I have participated is programs on collaborate across Attainment of additional qualification	inars, and training programs: I have n workshops seminars rative research funding io	pportunities,
Participation in departmental mo	have contributed not only development but also to the eetings and committees: success of the ure of it to API form	institution.



PRAGATI MAHAVIDYALAYA

Sawkheda, Tq. Sillod, Dist. Aurangabad.

affiliated to: S.N.D.T. Women's University, Mumbai

College Code: 442 Exam. Center Code: 291

Website: www.pragatisawkheda.co.in

Fmail: pragatiiqac2016@gmail.com, pragatimahavidyalaya442@gmail.com

Estet 2016 Conta			Conta	aet: 9822021784, 8888611717					
	Mrs. K	averi	Palkar	Mrs	s. Archana Mukhek Secretary		I	rsha Phalke Principal	
010	1000					Du	Je-13/0	4/2023	
3/	Contribut	ion to ac	ademic planning	g and policy	y development:	÷ 1			
	ග / ව		ittaché Annexur						
The Control of the Co	write der	alis and a	Hache Annexur	a cade	emic planning	and	policy	developmen	
THE	Such	1 008	ທ ເວ] ໝ ນ 0	section	e teaching me	thodo!	ogies.	godies	
					resourges.	L-Similar		fill adiel	
	Service o	n institut	ional boards or	councils:				1. 40 0	
	5. Studer	nt Engage	ement and Suppo	ort:					
	Availabi	lity and a	ccessibility to st	udents outs	side of class hours:				
	1	2	3	4	5				
	Support	for studer	nt academic and	personal d	evelopment:				
	1	2	3	4	5				
	Guidanc	e and cou	inseling for stud	ent career g	goals:				
	1	2	3	4	5				
	Respons	e to stude	ent feedback and	concerns:					
	1	2	3	4	5				
	Promotic	on of a po	ositive learning	environmen	ıt:				
	1	2	. 3	4	5				
	. ,			160					



PRAGATI MAHAVIDYALAYA

Sawkheda, Tq. Sillod, Dist. Aurangabad.

affiliated to: S.N.D.T. Women's University, Mumbal

College Code: 442 Exam. Center Code: 291

Website: www.pragatisawkheda.co.in

Fmail: pragatiiqac2016@gmail.com, pragatimahavidyalaya442@gmail.com

Contact: 9822021784, 8888611717

Mrs. Kaveri Palkar President

Mrs. Archana Mukhekar Secretary

Dr. Varsha Phalke Principal

6. Contribution to Community and Society:

Engagement in outreach activities and community service:

Write details and attaché Annexure of it to API form

The chamistry topics, such as climate change issues like chemital safety in everyday products.

llaboration with local schools, NGOs, or government agencies:

Write details and attaché Annexure of it to API form

Initiatives to address social issues or promote education equity:

Write details and attaché Annexure of it to API form

Establish mentorship programs that connect underrepresented students with faculty and graduate students for academic and career quidence. Advocacy for the profession and educational reforms:

Write details and attaché Annexure of it to API form

Tronganize public eawareness such as corriculum

Representation of the institution in external forums:

Write details and attaché Annexure of it to API form

T participate in conferences and symposicy Hosting public lectures and outreach Events.



PRAGATI MAHAVIDYALAYA

Sawkheda, Tq. Sillod, Dist. Aurangabad.

affiliated to: S.R.D.T. Women's University, Mumbai

College Code: 442 Exam. Center Code: 291

Website: www.pragatisawkheda.co.in

Email: pragatiiqac2016@gmail.com, pragatimahavidyalaya442@gmail.com

Contac	et: 9822021784, 8888611717	
Mrs. Kaveri Palkar President	Mrs. Archana Mukhekar Secretary	Dr. Varsha Phalke Principal
7. Overall Performance Assessmen	nt:	Date-13/04/202
Rating Scale: 1 2		
Comments: Ichave Success	fully integrated new in	nethodologies
fostering critical Reviewer's Comments:	fully integrated mewing enhancing students ex I thinking about comple issues.	ex ecological
Write details and attaché Annexure	e of it to API form mance 1s cosofis feeton	gladella la
Teacher's Comments and Self-Asso	essment: Useful for all and	relien to vening
Write details and attaché Annexure	e of it to API form If evaluation in remove	
Development Plan:		
Write details and attaché Annexure Teching Enha	e of it to API form incement mentorship	amata Advising.
Areas of strength to maintain.		
Write details and attaché Annexure	mplish ment Teachin	ng /skills.



PRAGATI MAHAVIDYALAYA

Sawkheda, Tq. Sillod, Dist. Aurangabad.

affiliated to: S.R.D.T. Women's University, Mumbai

College Code: 442 Enam. Center Code: 291

Website: www.pragatisawkheda.co.in

Email: pragatiiqac2016@gmail.com, pragatimahavidyalaya442@gmail.com

Contact: 9822021784, 8888611717

Mrs. Kaveri Palkar President

Mrs. Archana Mukhekar Secretary

Dr. Varsha Phalke Principal

Date - 18/4/2023

Areas for improvement and corresponding actions.

Write details and attaché Annexure of it to API form

projects and time management.

Professional development goals for the next evaluation period.

Write details and attaché Annexure of it to API form

I want to Boost my innovation and creativity ideas also I want to improve my technical expertise.

Signatures:

_____Date: ____13|04|2023 _____Date: ___13|04|2023



"Indian Women in Ecology and Conservation"

Mr.Chandranayan Kawaduji Waghmare

Chemistry Department Pragati Mahavidyalaya Sawkheda.

Introduction:

India's rich biodiversity, home to a multitude of ecosystems ranging from the Himalayan mountains to coastal mangroves, is currently under severe threat due to various environmental challenges. Habitat destruction, primarily driven by urbanization, industrialization, and agriculture, has led to significant loss of flora and fauna. Climate change exacerbates these issues, resulting in altered weather patterns, rising sea levels, and increased frequency of natural disasters. This environmental degradation not only threatens the ecological balance but also impacts the livelihoods of communities, particularly those reliant on natural resources. In this context, women have emerged as pivotal players in ecology and conservation efforts across the country. Traditionally seen as custodians of their households, women in many communities have expanded their roles to become active advocates for sustainable practices and environmental protection. They are often the first to feel the impacts of environmental changes, making their involvement in conservation efforts not just beneficial but essential. Women-led initiatives are increasingly gaining recognition for their effectiveness. For instance, women in rural areas engage in reforestation projects, water conservation efforts, and sustainable agricultural practices, showcasing their commitment environmental sustainability. Organizations like the Self-Employed Women's Association (SEWA) have mobilized women to take on leadership roles in community conservation, emphasizing the importance of local knowledge in ecological management. Women's participation in grassroots movements has brought attention to the interconnection between gender and environmental issues. They advocate for policies that recognize the role of women in conservation and promote sustainable

development. As such, empowering women in ecological efforts leads to better environmental outcomes and contributes to social equity, enhancing their status within their communities. Their contributions are critical in shaping a sustainable future for India, illustrating the need for inclusive approaches in environmental governance.

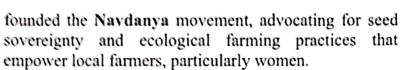
The involvement of women in ecological and conservation efforts in India has deep historical roots:

- Traditional Knowledge: Indigenous women have long played vital roles in managing natural resources within their communities. Their traditional ecological knowledge has been crucial for sustainable practices, resource conservation, and biodiversity management.
- Early Pioneers: In the mid-20th century, women like Dr. Kamal Bawa and Dr. Vandana Shiva emerged as ecology and conservation. groundbreaking research and advocacy laid the foundation for future generations of women scientists and activists in India.
- Institutional Support: The establishment of research institutions and conservation organizations in the late 20th century provided a platform for women to engage in ecological research and advocacy. Initiatives such as the Wildlife Institute of India and the Indian Institute of Science have supported women's contributions to the field.

Notable Contributions and Initiatives:

Indian women in ecology and conservation have made significant strides across various domains:

- Dr. Kamal Bawa: A leading botanist and conservation biologist, Dr. Bawa co-founded the ATREE (Ashoka Trust for Research in Ecology and the Environment). Her research on the impact of climate change on biodiversity in the Western Ghats has been instrumental in promoting conservation strategies and policy advocacy.
- Dr. Vandana Shiva: An environmental activist and scholar, Dr. Shiva is renowned for her work in promoting biodiversity and sustainable agriculture. She



- Dr. Madhusree Mukerjee: An influential ecologist and science writer, Mukerjee has focused on the intersections of science, policy, and public understanding of ecological issues. Her writings advocate for conservation efforts while highlighting the significance of women's roles in these initiatives.
- Dr. Rina Mukherji: An expert in wildlife conservation, Dr. Mukherji has conducted extensive research on the ecology of species such as the Indian tiger and the snow leopard. Her work emphasizes the importance of community involvement in conservation efforts, empowering local women to engage in sustainable practices.
- Nisha Joshi: A grassroots activist, Joshi has been at the forefront of community-led conservation initiatives. Her work focuses on the importance of local knowledge in managing natural resources, emphasizing the role of women in sustaining biodiversity in their regions.

Challenges Faced by Women in Ecology and Conservation: Despite their significant contributions, women in ecology and conservation encounter several challenges:

- Gender Bias: Women often face gender bias within scientific and conservation communities, affecting their recognition, funding opportunities, and leadership roles. Stereotypes about women's capabilities hinder their career advancement.
- The demanding nature Work-Life Balance: fieldwork in ecology and conservation create challenges for women in balancing professional and personal responsibilities. Societal expectations regarding family roles place additional pressures on women researchers and activists.
- **Underrepresentation:** Women often are leadership positions underrepresented in conservation organizations and research institutions.

151

Pragati Mahavidyalaya Sawkheda, Tq. Sillod, Dist. Chhatrapati Sambhajinagar

This lack of representation limits opportunities for mentorship and advocacy for gender equality in the field. Access to Resources: Women may encounter barriers in accessing funding and resources for their research and conservation initiatives. Biases in grant allocation processes disproportionately affect women-led projects.

Triumphs and Resilience:

Despite these challenges, Indian women in ecology and conservation have demonstrated remarkable resilience and achieved significant milestones:

have **Movements:** women Many Grassroots spearheaded grassroots movements to protect local ecosystems and advocate for environmental justice. Their efforts have empowered communities to engage in conservation practices, emphasizing the importance of local stewardship.

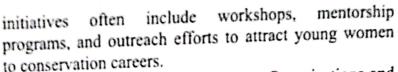
focused on Initiatives Networks: Mentorship mentorship and networking have supported women in ecology and conservation. Organizations such as Women in Conservation provide platforms for women to connect, share experiences, and support one another.

- Interdisciplinary Approaches: Women in ecology increasingly engage in interdisciplinary research, collaborating with fields such as social science, policy, and public health. This holistic approach enriches their work and enhances the visibility of women in diverse scientific areas.
- Public Awareness Campaigns: Women in conservation have played crucial roles in raising public awareness about environmental issues. Through education and outreach initiatives, they engage communities and inspire action towards sustainable practices.

Institutional Support and Policy Changes:

Recognizing the importance of gender diversity in conservation, several institutions and organizations have implemented policies to support women in the field:

Diversity Initiatives: Many conservation organizations have established diversity and inclusion programs aimed at promoting women's leadership in ecology. These



Research Grants and Scholarships: Organizations and foundations offer research grants and scholarships specifically for women in ecology. These financial resources empower women to conduct research and advance their careers.

Flexible Work Policies: Some institutions have adopted flexible work policies, allowing researchers to balance work and personal responsibilities. These policies are crucial in supporting women's continued participation in the workforce.

The Future of Women in Ecology and Conservation in India: The future of women in ecology and conservation in India appears promising, with several trends likely to shape their continued advancement:

Increasing Enrollment: The number of women enrolling in ecology and conservation programs at universities is steadily increasing, indicating a growing interest in these fields among young women.

Global Collaborations: Indian women ecologists are global in participating increasingly collaborations, enhancing their visibility and influence in the international scientific community.

Emphasis on Gender Equality: The ongoing emphasis on gender equality in conservation is likely to lead to within practices and policies inclusive organizations, fostering a supportive environment for women ecologists.

Interdisciplinary Approaches: As interdisciplinary research becomes more prominent, women ecologists will have opportunities to engage in diverse scientific inquiries, enriching their work and expanding their networks.

Conclusion:

The journey of Indian women in ecology and conservation is a testament to their resilience, determination, and contributions to facing sustainability. Despite environmental



challenges, women ecologists have made significant strides in the field, breaking barriers and paving the way for future generations.

154

PRINCIPAL
Pragati Mahavidyalaya
Sawkhoda, Tq. Sillod,
Dist. Chhatrapati Sambhajinagar